

EXERCÍCIOS: Derive as seguintes funções:

$$1) \ y = \sqrt[3]{(3x^2 + 6x - 2)^2} \cdot (x^2 + 1)^3$$

$$2) \ f(t) = \sqrt{\frac{2t+1}{t-1}}$$

$$3) \ f(x) = \frac{5}{\ln\left(\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x^2}\right)}$$

$$4) \ f(y) = y^3 \cdot \ln(y^2)$$

$$5) \ y = \frac{\ln(\operatorname{sen}(x))}{x}$$

$$6) \ y = \frac{2^{3x}}{4^{3x^2-6x}}$$

$$7) \ g(\theta) = e^{\operatorname{sen}^2(\theta)}$$

$$8) \ y = \frac{1}{2} \cdot (2 + 3x)^{\ln(2+3x)}$$

$$9) \ f(z) = 2 \cdot \cos(z)^2 \cdot \operatorname{sen}^3(2z)$$

$$10) \ y = \operatorname{sen}^3(\cos(\operatorname{tg}(x^2)))$$

$$11) \ g(\beta) = \beta \cdot \cos^3(\sqrt[5]{\beta^3})$$

$$12) \ f(y) = \frac{3 \cdot \sec^2(y)}{y}$$

$$13) \ y = e^{2x} \cdot \cos(3x)$$

$$14) \ y = \frac{\operatorname{arc sen}^2(x)}{(1-x^2)^2}$$

$$15) \ f(t) = \operatorname{arc cos}^3(\operatorname{sen}(t))$$

$$16) \ y = \operatorname{cotg}^4(2x - 3)^2$$

$$17) \ f(\theta) = \ln(\cos(\theta^2 - 1))$$

$$18) \ y = (\operatorname{sen}(x) \cdot \operatorname{cotg}(x))^2 + \operatorname{sen}^2(x)$$

$$19) \ y = \sqrt{(3-x) \cdot \sqrt[3]{x^6 - 10x}}$$

$$20) \ y = \sqrt{(\sqrt{1-x} - x^2)^3 + 1}$$